A Process for Determining When a Student Requires Paraprofessional Support

(Adapted from Patricia H. Mueller, Ed.D., November 1999)

Paraprofessional assistance is required by some students in order for them to succeed in school. Frequently, IEP Teams are requested to consider the need for paraprofessional support. The following process can be used by IEP Teams as guidance in making decisions regarding paraprofessional support.

When dealing with the addition of paraprofessionals, it needs to be determined what the educational benefits are for the students. Recent research and current practice indicates that misuse of paraprofessionals can produce among the results, students becoming over-dependent upon adult support, and the segregation and isolation of the student from their peer group. (Marks et al., 1999; Giangreco et al., 1997; Mueller, 1997)

This planning process applies to any student who requires paraprofessional support for a portion of their school day. The student's IEP Team should use the process annually, at least in sync with his/her annual review.

Assumptions Regarding Paraprofessionals:

- They are a valuable and necessary resource for students
- They are not surrogate teachers
- Support services are to promote independence, not dependence
- Paraprofessional assignments should be based on the needs of the student as specified by the IEP Team or Behavior Intervention Plan.

Description of the Instrument:

The instrument is divided into two parts:

- I. Intensive Needs Questionnaire This questionnaire is designed to assist in developing an overview of the student's needs in direct relation to the classroom environment. Completion of the questionnaire helps focus discussion.
- II. **Paraprofessional Needs Matrix** This matrix identifies specifically where, when and how the Paraprofessional will provide support and how independence will be encouraged.

I. Intensive Needs Questionnaire

1.	Is there a safety concern Be as specific as possi	Yes	Yes No					
2.	Does the student require	assistano	ce with bas	ic function	al skills?			
				P	lease Describe			
	Toileting	Yes	No					
	Mobility	Yes	No					
	Feeding	Yes	No					
	Dressing	Yes	No					
3.	Are there medical issues?	Y	es es	No	Describe			
4.	Do the student's peers in	clude the	em in classi	room activ	ities? Yes	No		
5.	Is the student receptive to	peer tu	toring and	support?	Yes	5	No	
6.	Which of the student's ur	nique nec	eds require	Paraprofe	essional support	?		
	a.							
	b.							
	c.							
	d.							
	e.							
7.	What type of training ma have to meet these needs	•	ded for the	Paraprofe	essional? What	resources	do we	
8.	Does the team believe the	re is a ne	eed for a Pa	araprofess Yes	ional for the stud	dent?		

II. Paraprofessional Needs Matrix

	Total anticipated time reduction in parapro support by annual review			
	What will be the specific responsibility of the parapro?			
	Identify ways to promote positive social interaction and/or independence			
Review Date:	What accommodations might permit the student to complete this activity independently?			
	What does the student need assistance with?			
icable)	What can the student do independently?			
Student Name:	Activity or time of the day			
Student Name: Date: Classroom Teacher School: Paraprofessional As	Unique functional and/or educational needs requiring parapro support			

Total amount of time needed for paraprofessional support

Paraprofessional References

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Paraprofessional Planning Tool

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support, positive behavioral supports or current supports in the classroom alone cannot meet the student's academic, social or behavioral needs such, assigning one-to-one adult support must be approached cautiously and occur only the when other interventions such as visual supports, peer to peer interactions, interference with teacher engagement and competent instruction, decrease in independence skills, and an increase in behavioral challenges. As with unintended detrimental effects. (Giangreco, et.al., 2010; Giangreco, 2010). These effects include the student feeling stigmatized, interference with peer In addition to the lack of evidence for the use of one-to-one adult support, current research indicates that an overreliance on paraprofessionals is associated

school should be considered a systems issue and addressed at a systems level (Giangreco, 2012). determining the need for adult support (Giangreco, 2010; Giangreco, et.al., 2011). It is important to note that the general use of one-to-one adult support in for fading the paraprofessional over time. It also aligns with research recommendations that decision-making processes and tools be developed and used for This tool is designed to assist school teams in determining when 1:1 adult support is appropriate and necessary and in designing a plan that includes processes

STEP 1: Complete the following schedule matrix to determine where the student may need additional support

1																								_	_
																transitions.	classes and/or	activities, courses /	all primary	schedule including	the student's daily	In this column, list		Schedule	Student
	time in the schedule.	IEP goals targeted during a particular	include in this section any specific		seat, and completing morning work.	getting materials ready, taking a	independently taking off outerwear,	expectations may include	For example, during "arrival," the		initiation & output	 Academic Skills including task 	 Behavioral Skills 	 Engagement Skills 	 Communication Skills 	 Social Interaction Skills 	Independence Skills		and instructional outcomes include:	part of the schedule. Expectations	demands and outcomes during this	expectations & instructional	In this column, identify the	Instructional Demands	Expectations &
			1:1 adult support.	intervention including	indicate the need for	Deficits in these areas may		o Output	o Task Initiation	 Academic skills including: 	 Behavioral Skills 	 Engagement Skills 	 Communication Skills 	 Social Interaction Skills 	 Independent Skills 		Include the following:		each part of the schedule.	compared to peers, during	student's performance,	In this column, identify the		(Compared to Peers)	Current Level of Skills
		Support	 Adult (Paraprofessional) 	Crisis Plan	 Behavioral Response Plan / 	Modifications	 Accommodations / 	 Evidence-Based Practices 	Interventions & Supports	 Positive Behavioral 	System	 Functional Communication 	 Peer to Peer Supports 	Supports / Strategies	 Visual / Organizational 		not limited to:	student. These include but are	currently in place to support the	supplementary aides and services	supports, strategies, and/or	List in this column, all the		Strategies and EBPs	Current Supports,
	included in this document.	Adult Support Responsibilities form	the IEP team should complete the	challenge. If adult support is added,	management) to address the	system or strategy (e.g. self-	student to independently use a	as long as is necessary to teach the	Adult supports should ONLY be used	support option (Giangreco, 2010).	considered the most restrictive	One-to-one adult support should be	challenge should be considered FIRST.	all other supports to address the	Before considering 1:1 adult support,		progress in all areas.	independently make adequate	strategies needed for the student to	goal areas (areas of need) and	in the previous columns, list potential	In this column, based on information		Strategies Needed	Potential Goals &

Paraprofessional Planning Tool

Student Name (DOB):	Student Schedule						
	Expectations & Instructional Demands						
Grade: School:	Current Level of Skills (Compared to Peers)						
	Current Supports, Strategies and EBPs						
Date:	Potential Goals & Strategies Needed						